Dedicated to innovation in aerospace



National Technology Project OUTCAST

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The Dutch and UAS?

NLR

Since the 17th century rivalry with the English, the Dutch have a bad name

Dutch roll
- An uncomfortable, undesirable type of aircraft motion

Dutch courage

Dutch treat

Dutch treat

Dutch

Dutch treat

Dutch

Outch treat

Dutch

Outch treat

Dutch

Outch treat

Dutch

Outch

Dutch

Office

Equipment

Ebenezer Scrooge
Scholic Scrooge?

In fact... the Dutch have a balanced view on getting the pilot out of the aircraft



Presentation Summary

Sense and Avoid

- Essential for UAS airspace integration
- S&A is more than 'the last ditch' collision avoidance

National Technology Project OUTCAST

- Vision: integrate UAS as OAT into airspace in 2010-2012
 - '2010' hybrid S&A concept demonstrator developed

Airborne surveillance of SSR transponders + Optical & Infrared Sensors

• Evaluated in 33 test flights on NLR's (manned) Cessna Citation

Results

- Definition of S&A Requirements ("Equivalent Safety?")
- OUTCAST concept promising for 'workable' and pragmatic solution

ICAO Conflict Management A Layered Safety Concept



1. Strategic conflict management	Flight Rules, Mission Planning etc			
	Airspace Classification (simplified)			
	Segregated	Non segregated airspace		
	airspace	Controlled	Uncontrolled	
		Transponder equipped	Transponder equipped	Not Transp. equipped
2. Separation Provision	n/a	ATC	pilot	pilot
3. Collision Avoidance	S&A solution more challenging			
	n/a	pilot	pilot	pilot

The question is not "Can I fly, yes or no?", but

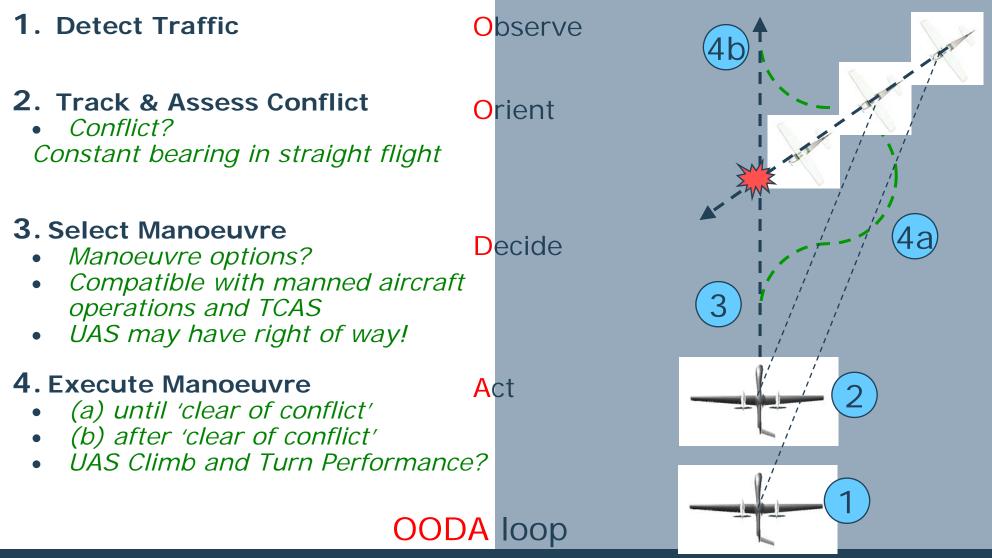
"Where do I want to fly, and what do I need for that?"

Sense & -Avoid

S&A Solution: <u>Technology</u> + common sense operational ATM <u>Procedures</u>

Sense and Avoid Process

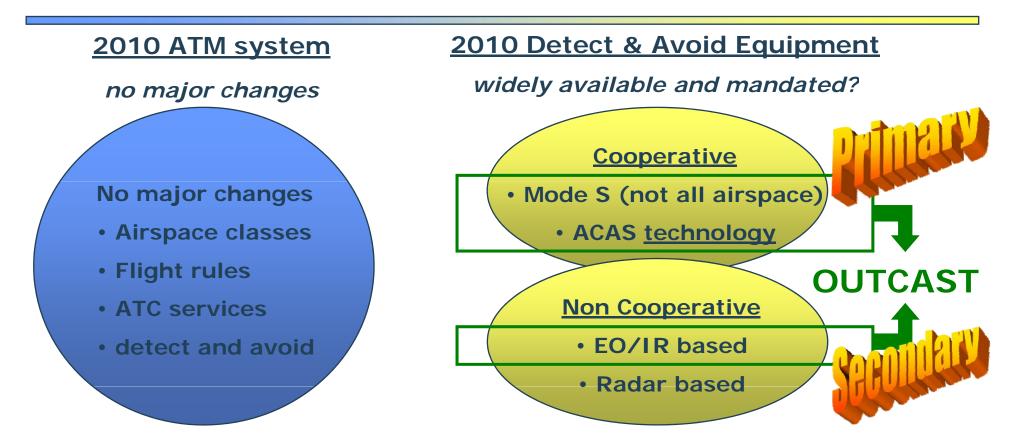
Iterative process – with both aircraft responsible



NTP OUTCAST 2010 Vision with a Pragmatic Approach



MALE UAVs safely operating as OAT outside segregated airspace in 2010 under 'peacetime conditions'



NTP OUTCAST Project Definition

Customer

NLD MoD / Defence R&D

Objective

• 'short-term' solution for Sense & Avoid ~2010

Project Duration

• April 2004 – 2007

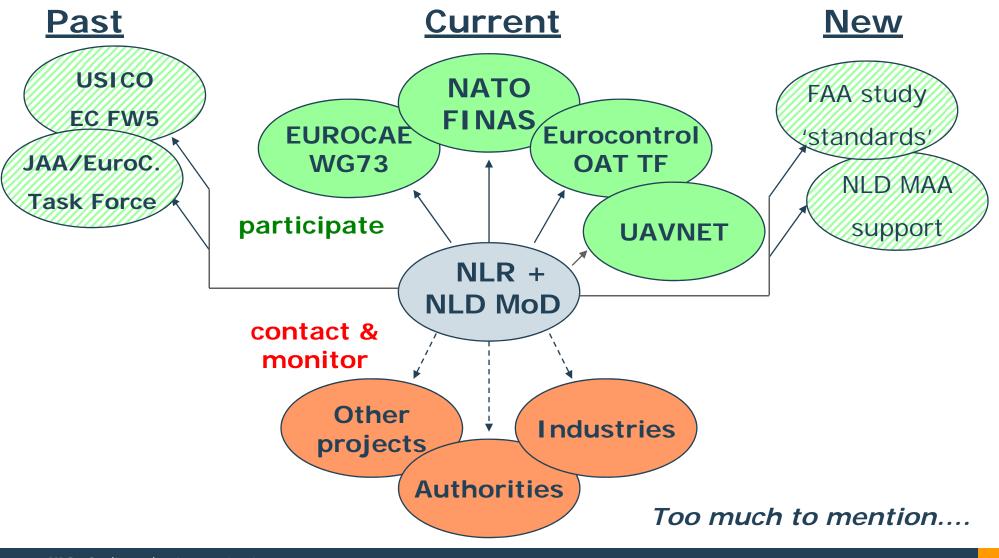
Phasing

- 1. Requirements Capture
- 2. Demonstrator Development
- 3. Flight Test
- 4. Analysis & Report





NTP OUTCAST "Work National, Think Global"





Demonstrator Development by NLR From Design until Certification in NLR Cessna Citation II

TCAS (as available on Citation)

- known bearing inaccuracy ; but within ACAS MOPS
- Read out ARINC data between TCAS computer and display

UAV crew consoles

- Focus on traffic avoidance
- Goal: to enable effective flight testing
- HMI <u>NOT</u> (yet) optimised







Demonstrator Development by NLR From Design until Certification in NLR Cessna Citation II

FAIRING

0 0.5

0.005 0.01 0.015 0.02

C.

High-Speed Sideslip

EO/IR Camera

- Structures integration (60kg)
- Fairing to reduce aero. impact

FAR Certification Compliance Check

- Structures analysis
- Aero/CFD analysis
- Stability and Control

Certification by NLD CAA

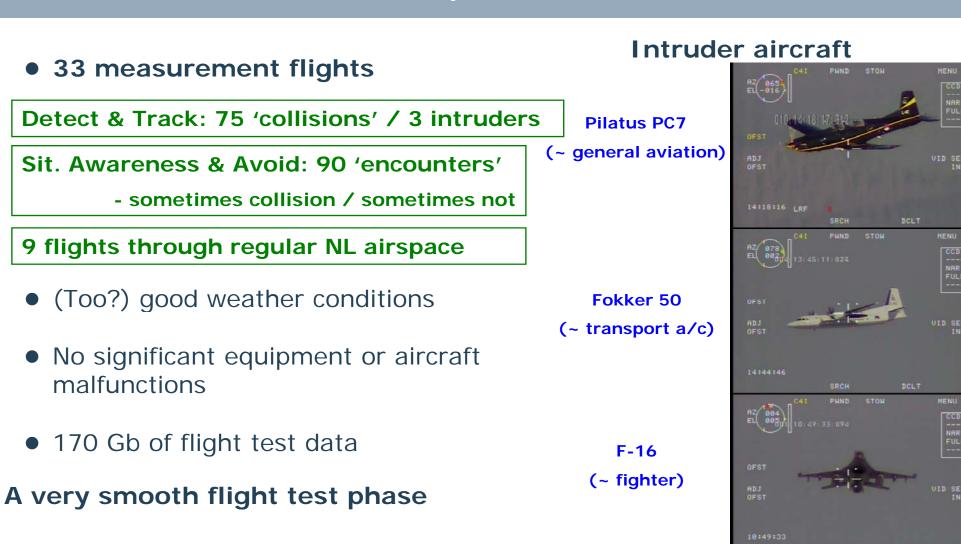
taxi tests and flight tests

NLR - Dedicated to innovation in aerospace

Supplemental Type Certificate

0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04

Flight Tests November 2006 & March-April 2007





Roaming Flights Variety of Air Traffic Encountered (Examples)



Project Results

S&A Requirements

- Equivalent Safety
- Sensor Coverage
- Separation Minima
- Level of Automation

OUTCAST System Performance

- Detect
- Track
- Situational Awareness Conflict Resolution



"However beautiful the strategy, you should occasionally look at the results"

Sir Winston Churchill







Preliminary Conclusions & Recommendations

Feedback to working groups on regulations and standards Flight Tests are <u>indispensable</u>, also in this part of the process

Recommended System Improvements

- Data Fusion
 - Range altitude from ACAS surveillance, bearing from EO/IR
 - Matching intruders between cooperative and non-coop. sensors
- Find the right balance between Human and Computer
 - Optimise situational awareness
 - Assistance in conflict analysis
 - Assistance in conflict resolution

OUTCAST Concept feasible for state UAS (OAT)

- Provided regulations are in place (stepwise introduction)
- Provided required system improvements are addressed
- In combination with pragmatic procedures

Next Steps

- Discuss with NLD MoD
- In solving the short-term... keep thinking about the long term



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Acknowledgements





- RNLAF aircraft
- Military ATC support



- Engineering support for functional integration with Toplite



- All project participants...
- 16 departments in all 3 divisions
- a true multi-disciplinary effort

Questions?

PH-LAB

Hard questions will be sensed and avoided!



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The Equivalent Level of Safety... ... does it exist?



18

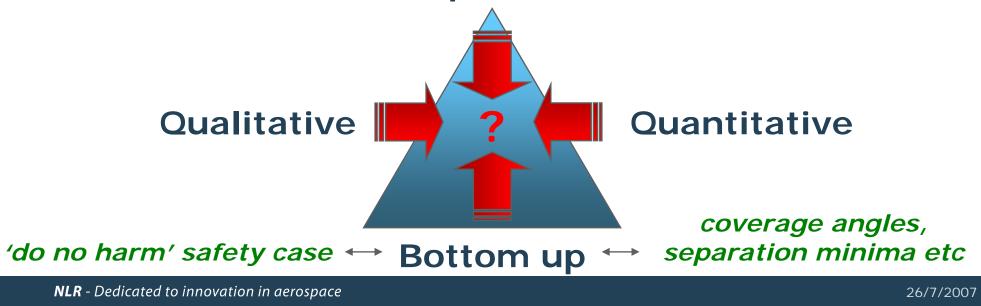
Not well defined in manned aviation!

- What is it?
- How do we achieve it?
- How do we prove it?

⇒ <u>Acceptable</u> level of safety



'do no harm' safety case ↔ **Top down** ↔ collision risk 10^{-x} / hour



OUTCAST Sense and Avoid Requirements Coverage



Azimuth: +/- 110° Elevation: PWND C41 31:04:688 **ICAO Right of way rules**

(+/- 15° initial) +/- 20° final proposal



OUTCAST Sense and Avoid Requirements Separation Minima



ATC responsible for separation

Use ATC separation minima

Required for UAS:

- Transponder, VHF Comms,
- UAS pilot supervision

UAV pilot responsible for separation No equivalent in manned aviation!

NATO FINAS Proposal:

- 0.5 Nm horizontal
- 500 ft vertical

Feedback from OUTCAST flight tests

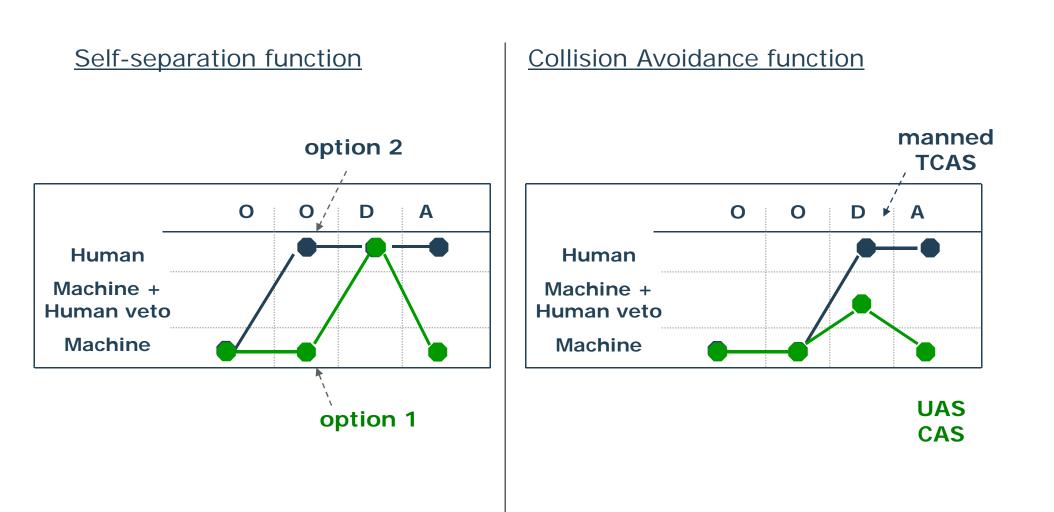
• 0.5 Nm horizontal: mismatch with UAS crew / pilot comfort

• 500 ft vertical: ok for pilots, but triggers TCAS TA/RA

How are such numbers going to be (mis)used by industry?

OUTCAST Sense and Avoid Requirements Level of Automation





Example - Fokker 50 head on Acquisition & Track with EO/IR Camera



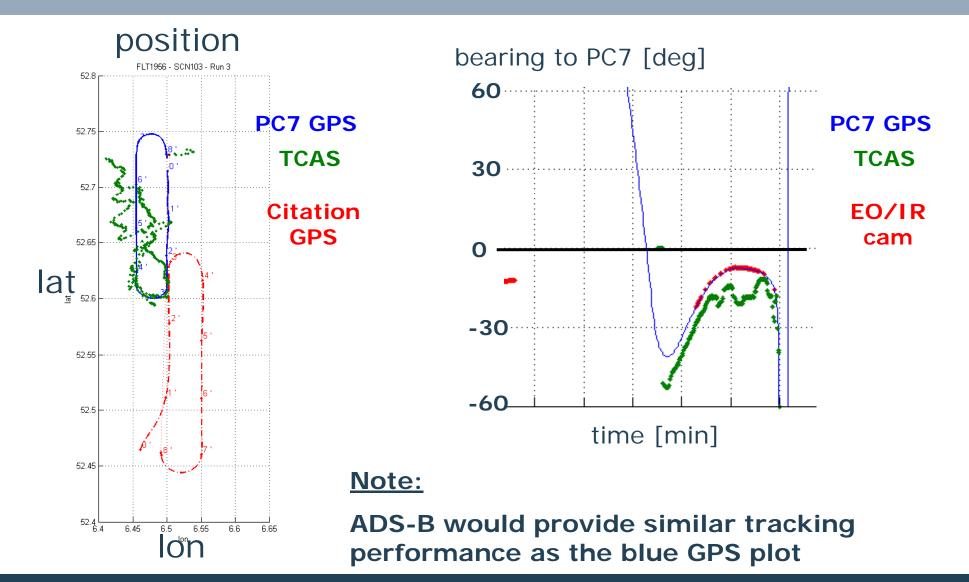
Distance Approx. 16 Nm (30 km)



'Pilot Visual' at 6 Nm (11 km)

Tracking Performance - Example PC7 head-on, TCAS versus GPS and camera





Situational Awareness Video Monitoring

Video provides insight in intruder manoeuvring

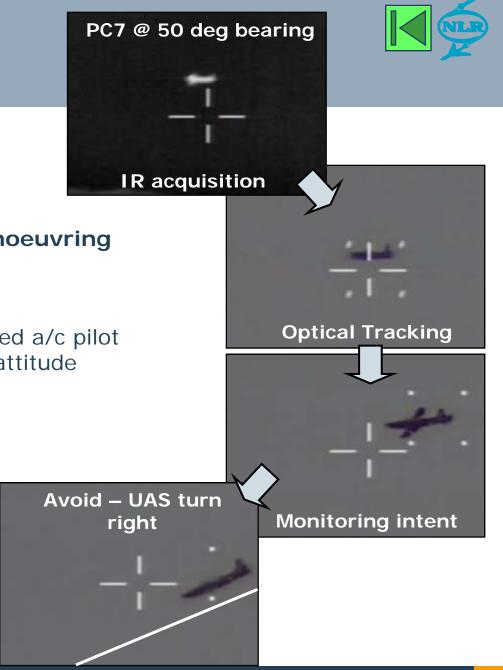
• straight or turning flight

... but interpretation NOT Trivial

- Different and less intuitive than manned a/c pilot
- Combine camera angle with ownship attitude

Further study Recommended

- Human Machine Interface
- UAS crew training requirements



Situational Awareness – Traffic Display Potential for Improvement Identified



Better information on other traffic by data fusion

- Better position of intruder AND insight in <u>flight direction</u> of intruder

OUTCAST HMI

(remember: not yet optimised) clear of conflict?



Example HMI Improvement based on "Free Flight" research

clear of conflict!

